

PRE-LAW

College of Natural & Behavioral Sciences

Planning Undergraduate Coursework

There is NO Pre-Law Major at California State University-Dominguez Hills. The American Bar Association cautions students that there is “no single path that will prepare you for a legal education”. Students are advised that preparing for law school is not the same as preparing for medical school, and that a one-size-fits-all slate of classes will not likely help them in preparing to pursue a legal career. Fortunately, Dominguez Hills offers extensive opportunities to help students ready themselves for a future career in law. There are many courses in various disciplines that contribute to the skills students will need as a lawyer. For help in choosing your courses, contact a pre-law advisor after admission to this university.

Pre-Law Advisors

Dr. Salvatore Russo (Political Science)
Tel: (310) 243-3490
Email: srusso@csudh.edu

Dr. Clarence Augustus Martin (Public Administration/Criminal Justice Administration)
Tel: (310) 243-3490
Email: gmartin@csudh.edu

Dr. Theodore Byrne (Public Administration/Criminal Justice Administration)
Tel: (310) 243-2692
Email: tbyrne@csudh.edu

Marie E. Palladini (Public Administration/Criminal Justice Administration)
Tel: (310) 243-2677
Email: mpalladini@csudh.edu

Dr. La Tanya Skiffer (Sociology)
Tel: (310) 243-3039
Email: lskiffer@csudh.edu

Prof. Charles Thomas (Criminal Justice)
Tel: (310) 243-2104
Email: cthomas@csudh.edu

Skills Pre-Law Students Must Develop

Several broad objectives of pre-legal education are set forth by the Association of American Law Schools. These include the oral and written command of language; an understanding and appreciation of social, political and economic values, institutions, problems and frames of reference; and an ability for creative, innovative, critical and analytical thinking.

Choosing a Major or Minor

“The American Bar Association does not recommend any undergraduate majors or group of courses to prepare for a legal education”. The selection of a major and minor should depend on the student’s personal interest or goals. Again, there is no one major that will act as a “silver bullet” and by itself enable you to enroll in the law school of your choice. Traditionally, students bound for law school majored in political science. More recently, prospective law students also major in public

administration, sociology, business, history, English, philosophy and criminal justice. Strong academic performance in any major is a necessity for admission to law school. Regardless of which major a student selects, it is strongly urged that students take courses that will require them to perfect their writing and research skills!

Law School Admissions Test & Letters of Recommendation

Applicants for admission to most law schools are expected to have a B.A. or a B.S. Degree and to have taken the Law School Admission Test (LSAT). The LSAT is a specialized test designed to measure cognitive skills that are used in legal reasoning and argument. Test preparation courses can help raise student scores; but such preparation is best done well in advance.. See a pre-law advisor as close as possible to the beginning of your junior year or earlier to take best advantage of LSAT preparation. Many law schools require that the LSAT be taken by December of the year preceding law school entry. For more information about the LSAT, students are encouraged to go to <http://www.lsac.org/jd/lsat/test-dates-deadlines> (<http://www.lsac.org/jd/lsat/test-dates-deadlines/>).

Letters of recommendation, and even personal statements require early planning. Most law schools will require three letters of recommendation, and it is preferred if those letters come from professors and instructors at your university. It is encouraged you ask your professors for letters of recommendation well in advance of your application to law school. For help on your personal statement, contact the pre-law advisors as soon as possible!

Credit/No Credit Courses and Law School Admission Policy

Most law schools require applicants to take the Law School Admissions Test and also to register with the Law School Admissions Council (LSAC), which collects and distributes letters of recommendation, reviews academic transcripts and standardizes undergraduate records to simplify the work of law school admission committees. Grades are converted to one system that allows law schools to compare applicants from many different campuses on a uniform basis. Note the LSAC counts a “NC” grade in a CR/NC class as a failing grade. Students planning to apply to law school must either complete the course for “Credit” or withdraw. Do not simply drop the course and allow a “No Credit” to appear on the transcript. For more information—and to register with LSAC—please go to www.lsac.org (<http://www.lsac.org/>).

Sources of Additional Information

There are special financial benefits and educational programs available to minority students through the Council on Legal Education Opportunity, 1800 M. Street, N.W., Suite 290, North Lobby, Washington, D.C. 20036. Please see <http://www.cleoscholars.com/> for more information.

For general law information, a student should see the bulletins or catalogs of various law schools or the official Pre-Law Handbook, current edition, prepared by the Law School Admission Test Council and the Association of American Law Schools. Students are also recommended to explore https://officialguide.lsac.org/release/OfficialGuide_Default.aspx for information on admissions criteria at each of the ABA-Approved Law Schools.

Courses

LAW 240. Legal Environment of Business. (3 Units)

Analysis of the legal process; functions and operations within a federal system; contracts; sales; tort liability as it impacts business; government regulation of business.

Offered Fall, Spring, Summer

LAW 340. Law Of Bus Organizations. (3 Units)

Legal consequences of selection of one form of business organization over another; analysis of the law of corporations, partnerships, and agencies; law of the workplace; corporate ethics and social responsibilities.

Offered Fall, Spring, Summer

LAW 342. Employment Law. (3 Units)

Prerequisites: LAW 240 is recommended. Overview of the laws impacting the workplace; anti-discrimination law; employee safety, health and privacy; the employer-employee contract; labor law; regulatory agencies; retirement compensation; other statutory rights.

Offered Fall, Spring

LAW 440. Legal Issues in E-Commerce. (3 Units)

Prerequisites: LAW 240. This course covers the legal aspects of doing business on-line. Topics covered will include: on-line contracts, e-crimes, privacy, intellectual property, e-commerce taxation and e-payment systems.

Offered Infrequent

LAW 495. Special Topics in Law. (1-4 Units)

Study of current topics in Law. Repeatable course

Offered Infrequent

LAW 595. Selected Topics in Law. (3 Units)

Prerequisites: Graduate Standing. Intensive study of a specialized area of Law on a selected topic of particular interest to faculty and students. Three hours of seminar per week. Specific topic listed in class schedule.

Repeatable course.

Offered Infrequent